Exercise Sheet 5

Exercise 17   Maximum Likelihood Estimation

Determine a maximum likelihood estimator for the parameter $\theta$ of a uniform distribution on the interval $[0, \theta]$! Reminder: the random variables underlying the sample vector have the probability density function

$$f_x(x; \theta) = \begin{cases} 
0, & \text{if } x < 0, \\
\frac{1}{\theta}, & \text{if } 0 \leq x \leq \theta, \\
0, & \text{if } x > \theta. 
\end{cases}$$

Check whether the resulting estimator is consistent and unbiased!
(Hint: When maximising the likelihood function bear in mind that certain frame conditions have to be satisfied. Compare your result to the estimators discussed in the lecture.)

Exercise 18   Maximum Likelihood Estimation

Determine maximum likelihood estimators for the parameters $\theta_1, \ldots, \theta_k$ of a polynomial distribution $f_{X_1,\ldots,X_k}(x_1, \ldots, x_k; \theta_1, \ldots, \theta_k, n)$! Reminder: a polynomial distribution is defined as

$$f_{X_1,\ldots,X_k}(x_1, \ldots, x_k; \theta_1, \ldots, \theta_k, n) = \frac{n!}{\prod_{i=1}^k x_i} \prod_{i=1}^k \theta_i^{x_i}.$$

(Hint: It may be easier if you start by determining a maximum likelihood estimator for the parameter of a binomial distribution and then transfer the result.)

Exercise 19   Confidence Intervals

In the year 1972 45195 of the 87827 live births in Lower Saxony were boys. From this data, determine a point estimator for the unknown probability $p$ that a newly born child is a boy, as well as confidence intervals for the confidence levels

a) $\alpha = 0.01$ (99% confidence interval) and

b) $\alpha = 0.001$ (99.9% confidence interval).

(Hint: The needed quantiles of the normal distribution may be computed with the C program ndqtl.c, which is available on the lecture’s WWW page. Quantile: argument value corresponding to a given function value of a distribution function; analogous to the quantiles of a sample.)
Exercise 20    Confidence Intervals

Starting from the point estimator for the parameter $\theta$ of an exponential distribution that was already considered in Exercise 13, that is, $W_2 = n \min_{i=1}^{n} X_i$, determine a confidence interval for this parameter! Reminder: In Exercise 13 we derived

$$f_{W_2}(w; \theta) = \frac{1}{\theta} e^{-\frac{w}{\theta}}$$

as the probability density function of the estimator $W_2$. 